







Involving consumers in Cochrane reviews: learning from the ACTIVE project



Webinar Plan



1. Welcome & introductions

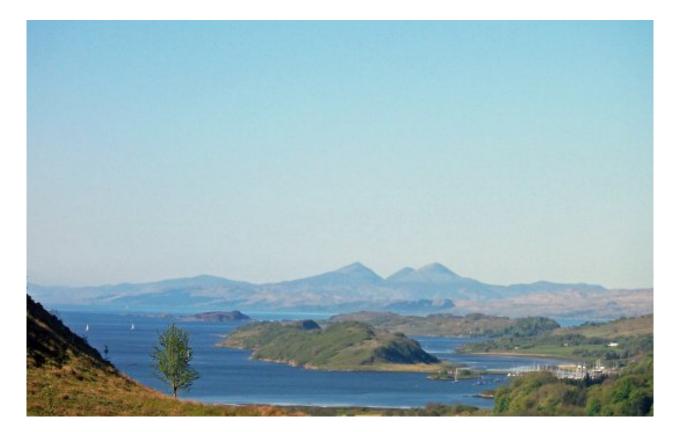
2. Example of involvement

3. ACTIVE project

4. How to describe involvement

Welcome & introductions



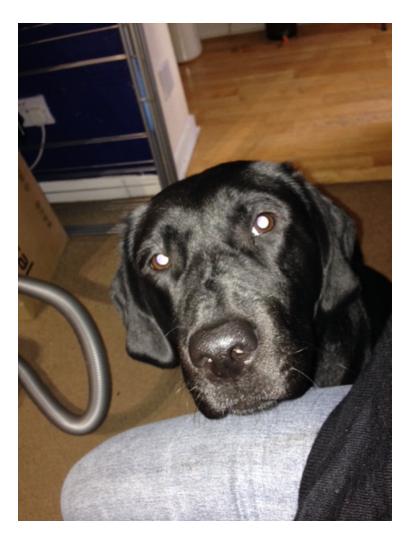


Alex Pollock Alex.Pollock@gcu.ac.uk

Welcome & introductions







Welcome & introductions



- 1. Who are you?
- Consumer
- Author
- Researcher
- Other (*please tell us*)

2. Why are you here?

- I want to involve consumers in my review
- I want to get involved in a review
- I'm curious about what you are doing
- I want to share my experience
- Other (please tell us)

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Example of involvement: Update of a Cochrane review

Pollock et al 2014. Physical rehabilitation approaches for the recovery of function and mobility following stroke. Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews 2014, Issue 4. Art. No.: CD001920.

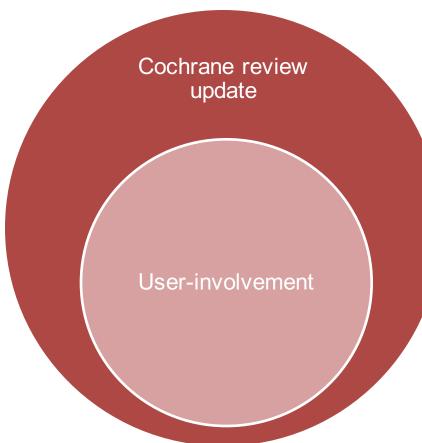
nmaho-ru

Pollock et al 2015. User-involvement in a Cochrane systematic review: using structured methods to enhance the clinical relevance, usefulness and usability of a systematic review update. Systematic Reviews 2015; 4(55); published online 20th April 2015.

Conference posters from SRR 2013 and INVOLVE 2014

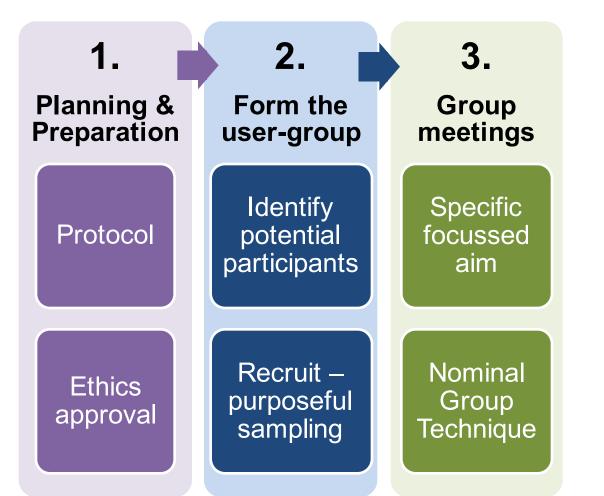
Example of involvement: Why have involvement?





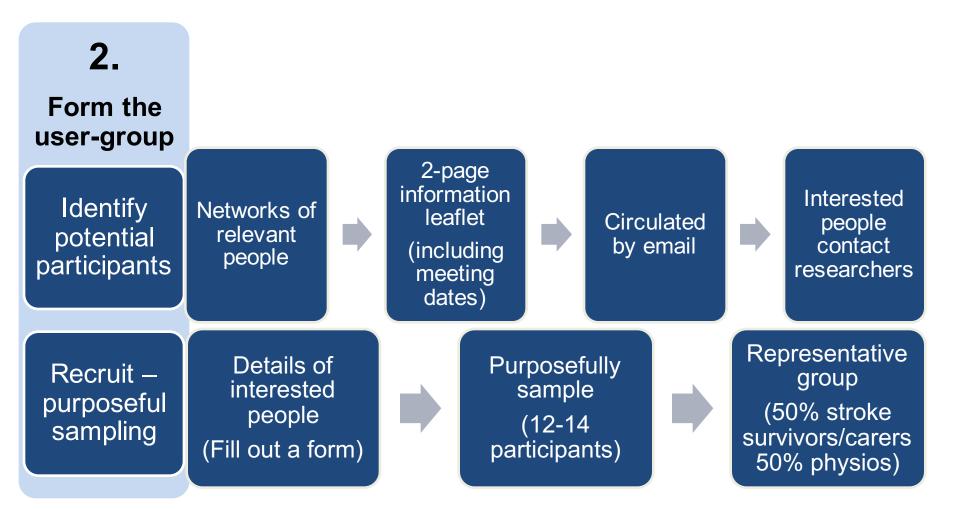
<u>AIM</u>: to engage key stakeholders in an update of a Cochrane systematic review of physiotherapy treatment approaches for patients with stroke, in order to ensure clinical relevance of the completed review.

Example of involvement: What did we do?

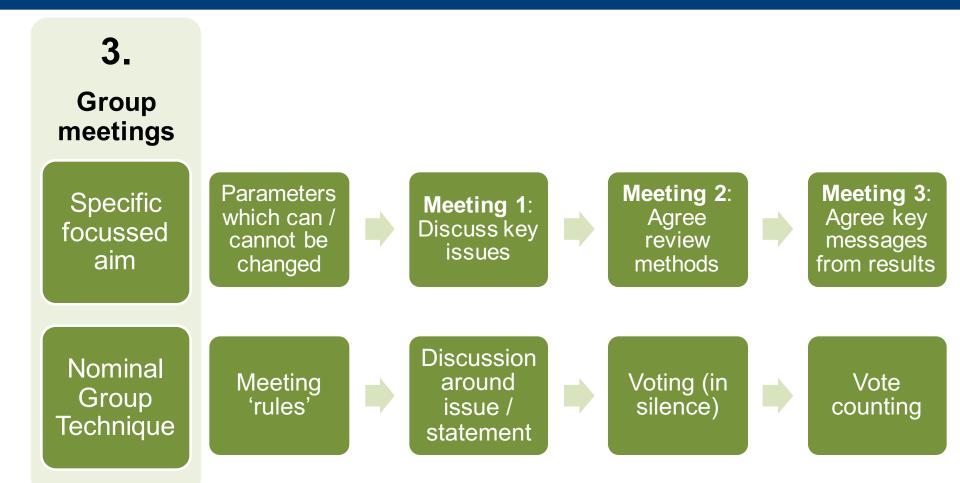




Example of involvement: How did we get people involved?moho-ru



Example of involvement: What did we do at meetings?



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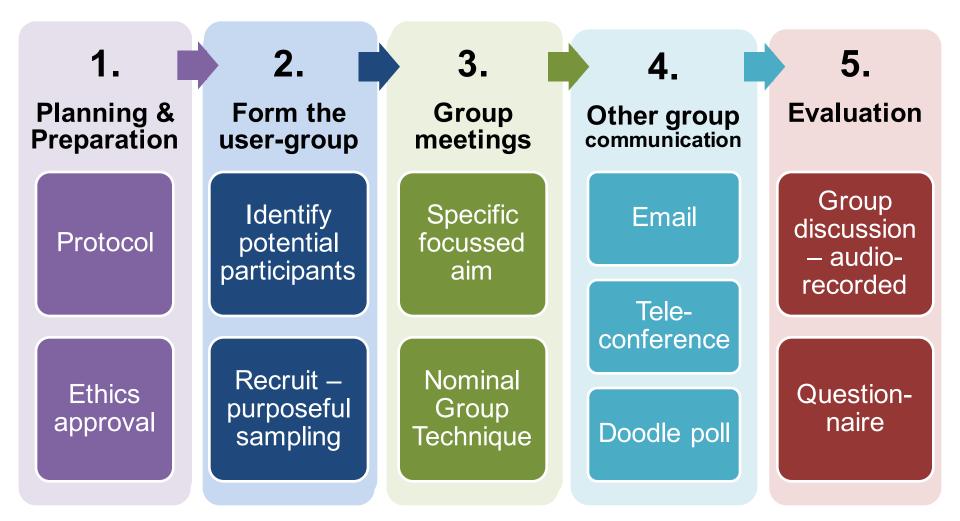
Example of involvement: How did the voting work?

Statement 1. The current categories are appropriate and clinically relevant.

Total no.	Strongly agree	Agree	Neither agree or disagree	Disagree	Strongly disagree
responses	1	2	3	4	5
n=13	0	1	1	9	2
%100	0	8	8	69	15

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Example of involvement: What else did we do?



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Example of involvement: How did it go?

"...I have taken part in quite a number of things of this nature over the past 20 years and this is the first time that I have really felt that it has been successful and that I have been listened to.."

(carer of stroke survivor)

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"Other Cochrane groups please copy"

(carer of stroke survivor)

"....links clinicians with researchers, allowing research to be more clinically relevant......"

(physiotherapist)

Example of involvement: What do you think?

There is a need for review authors to know more about how to involve people in a meaningful way.

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- Strongly agree
- Agree
- Neither agree or disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly disagree

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Authors & Consumers Together Impacting on eVidencE

Involving patients, carers, health professionals and other key stakeholders in research is considered to be beneficial to the research. "Consumers" have been part of Cochrane since it started, and their involvement is thought to make systematic reviews of healthcare topics more useful and relevant.

There is still not much known about the best ways to involve people in systematic reviews.

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ACTIVE aims to help review authors have meaningful involvement in their systematic reviews.





Cochrane Consumers and Communication





ACTIVE Authors & Consumers Together Impacting on eVidencE

Find out different

methods of

involvement that

have been used

Bring together:

- * Information
- * Materials
- * Interviews

about *HOW* to involve people

Make this available online

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Find out more: http://training.cochrane.org/ACTIVE

Authors & Consumers Together Impacting on eVidencE

Who is involved?:

Dr Alex Pollock	NMAHP Research Unit, Glasgow Caledonian University, Glasgow, UK
Dr Pauline Campbell	NMAHP Research Unit, Glasgow Caledonian University, Glasgow, UK
Caroline Struthers	EQUATOR Network, University of Oxford / Consumers' Executive
Anneliese Synnot	Centre for Health Communication & Participation, La Trobe University, Melbourne, Australia
Dr Sophie Hill	Centre for Health Communication & Participation, La Trobe University, Melbourne, Australia
Jack Nunn	Centre for Health Communication & Participation, La Trobe University, Melbourne, Australia
Heather Goodare	Lay member, Chair, Edinburgh Health Forum; contributor to Breast Cancer & Stroke
	Cochrane groups.
Dr Jacqui Morris	NMAHP Research Unit, Glasgow Caledonian University, Glasgow, UK
Richard Morley	Coordinator, Cochrane Consumer Group
Chris Watts	Cochrane Learning and Support Department

Find out more: http://training.cochrane.org/ACTIVE











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<u>Tell us</u>:

- About examples of user-involvement
- If you want to contribute to ACTIVE

<u>Email</u>:

ACTIVE@gcu.ac.uk



What kind of resources would you like?

- Real-life examples of involvement in reviews
- Personal stories about involvement
- Practical templates for planning involvement (e.g. meeting agenda, ethics application)
- Guidance on reporting
- Tool to measure impact
- Other

(tick all that apply)

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4. How to describe involvement

WHO is involved?

WHEN does involvement occur?

HOW much involvement?

Nursing, Midwifery and Allied Health Professions Research Unit

Cochrane "Consumer":

- Difficulty finding a shared definition
- "A healthcare consumer is any actual or potential recipient of health care. Healthcare consumers who use Cochrane evidence are generally patients, carers and family members, or people interested in remaining healthy who are seeking information about a health condition or treatment for personal use."



Public involvement:

- INVOLVE definition:
 - Patients, potential patients, carers
 - People who use health and social care services
 - People from organisations that represent people that use services
- "there is an important distinction to be made between the perspectives of the public and the perspectives of people who have a professional role in health and social care services".

INVOLVE (2012) Public involvement in systematic reviews: Supplement to the briefing notes for researchers. INVOLVE, Eastleigh



Stakeholders:

- "People whose primary job is not directly in research":
 - Patients, their families and caregivers
 - Individuals representing patient groups
 - Policy makers
 - Clinicians

Camden 2015 Engaging stakeholders in rehabilitation research: a scoping review of strategies used in partnerships and evaluation of impacts, Disability and Rehabilitation, 37:15, 1390-1400, DOI:10.3109/09638288.2014.963705





ACTIVE definitions:

<u>Stakeholder</u>: any potential knowledge user whose primary job is not directly in research.

This includes people who are:

- patients, potential patients, family and carers
- people who use health and social care services
- people from organisations that represent people who use services
- people with a professional role in health and social care
- policy makers and managers



<u>Consumer</u>: any actual or potential recipient of health or social care, their carers and family members

4. How to describe involvement

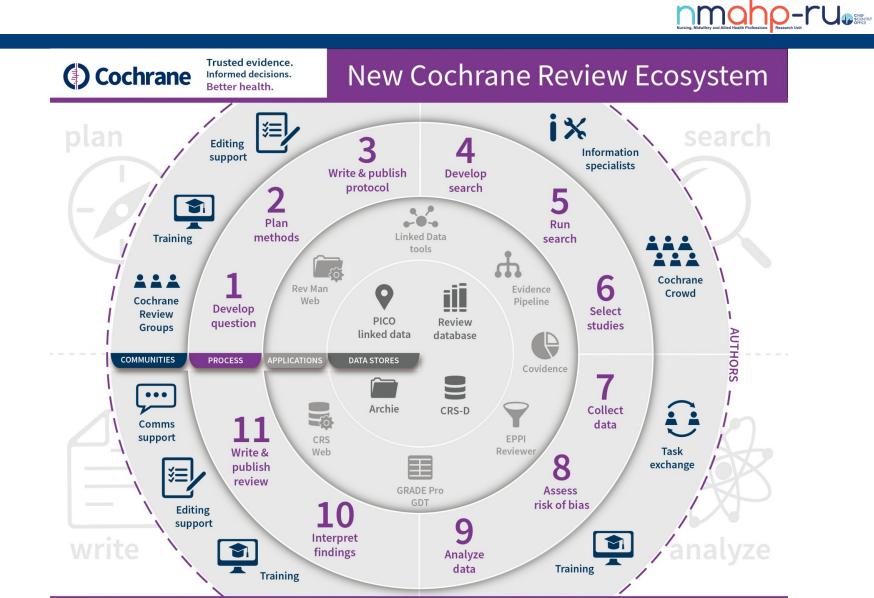




WHEN does involvement occur?

HOW much involvement?

WHEN does involvement occur?

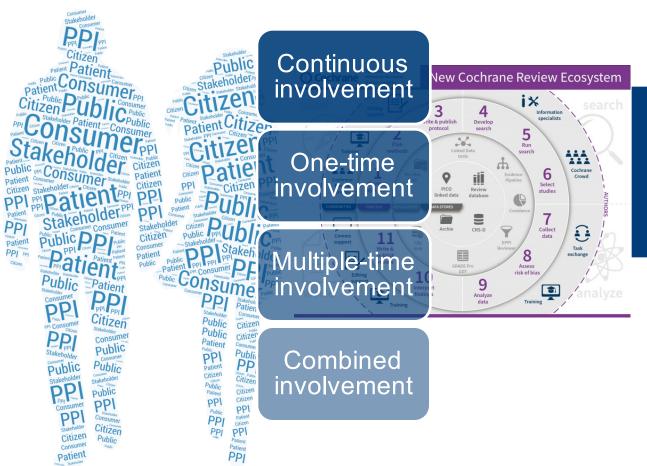


WHEN does involvement occur?



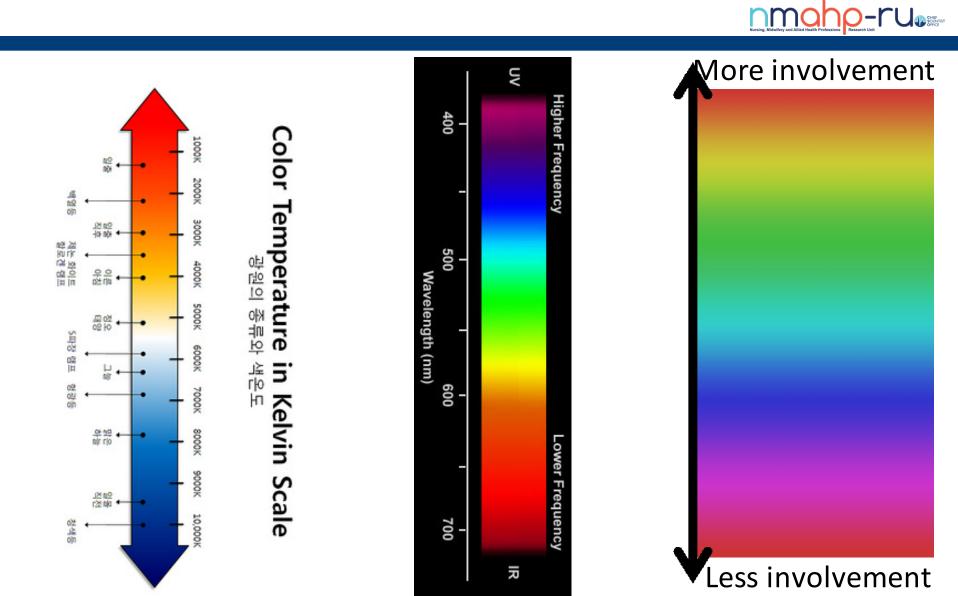
	Training data Training
Continuous involvement	 People are involved at all stages of a review e.g. as an author, or on an advisory group
One-time involvement	 People are involved at one specific stage e.g. developing a question, writing a lay summary
Multiple-time involvement	 People are involved at two or more specific stages of the review
Combined involvement	 A combination of continuous plus one- or multiple-time involvement

4. How to describe involvement



HOW much involvement?

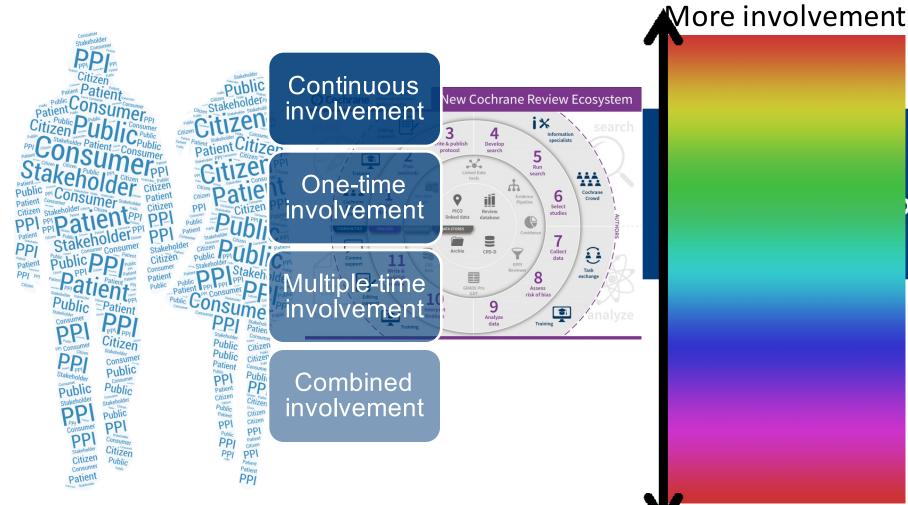
HOW much involvement?



HOW involved are they?

Term	Type of involvement	Example methods
CONTROL	User-led	User-researchers
	User-control	Review team members
COLLABORATION	Devolved user-control	Consensus methods
	Explicit involvement in decision making	Data extraction & analysis
	Involvement in decision making implied	Advisory group members
CONSULTATION		Workshops
		Interviews. Focus groups
		Written
MINIMAL	Participant	Qualitative research

4. How to describe involvement





Rursing, Midwifery and Allied Health Professions

MINIM	CONS	COLL	COLLABORATION	NOI	CONT	
1AL	SULTATION	Implicit decision making	Explicit decision making	Devolved control	ROL	
				•••		1. Develop question
						2. Plan methods
						3. Write & publish protocol
			•	•••		4. Develop search
			•••	••		5. Run Search
•		•		••		6. Select studies
		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		•••		7. Collect data
	•••					8. Assess risk of bias
				•••		9. Analyse data
			•••			10. Interpret findings
			•••			11. Write & publish review

4. How to describe involvement

Can you fill a gap / give an example for any of these stages:

- Develop question, plan methods, write & publish protocol
- Develop search, run search, select studies
- Collect data, analyse data
- Assess risk of bias
- Interpret findings, write & publish review

(tick all that apply)

Nursing, Midwifery and Allied Health Professio



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YOUR COMMENTS & THOUGHTS? ANY QUESTIONS?



